




Conforms to ANSI Z400.1-2010 Standard - HCS 2012

Protective Clothing	General Hazard	DOT
		

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : HEMPEL'S
UREPRIME 2.8 EPOXY PRIMER

Product identity : 153J91L000, 33028

Product type : epoxy primer

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application : buildings and metal industry.

Ready-for-use mixture : Mixing Ratio:
153JB = 153J9 3 Vol. / 941JB 1 Vol.

Identified uses : Industrial/Professional use

TSCA : **Unless otherwise stated. All components are listed or exempted.**

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details :	HEMPEL (USA), Inc. 600 Conroe Park North Drive Conroe, Texas 77303 Toll free: (800) 678-6641, if outside area codes 713, 281, 409, 936 Regular phone number: (936) 523-6000 E-mail Hempel@Hempel.com	HEMPEL (USA), Inc. 2728 Empire Central Dallas, TX 75235 Phone number: 1-214-353-1600 E-mail: hempel@hempel.com
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1.4 Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

For Transportation Emergencies : CHEMTREC: **1-800-424-9300** (Toll-free in the U.S., Canada and the U.S. Virgin Islands) **703-527-3887**
(24 hours)
For calls originating elsewhere (Collect calls are accepted). Contract number: CCN10384
To preserve the effectiveness of arrangements for providing accurate and timely emergency response information, the basic identifying information (shipper name or contract number) must be included on shipping papers.
If the purchaser of this product is going to be shipping this product to other locations, the purchaser must arrange for its own Emergency Information Provider to respond to transport incidents. Hempel's 24 hour response contract does not cover non-Hempel shipments.

For all other information : In USA toll free calling available: 1-800- 678-6641 or (936)-523-6000
(8 AM - 5 PM CST) See Section 4 of the safety data sheet (first aid measures).

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

GHS Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1

2.2 Label elements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :

Danger

Hazard statements :

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
 H315 - Causes skin irritation.
 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H350 - May cause cancer.
 H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

Precautionary statements :

Prevention :

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response :

Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage :

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal :

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements :

Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product definition :

Mixture

Physical state :

Liquid.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	GHS Classification
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified. FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
4-chloro-trifluorotoluene	98-56-6	≥10 - <20	
Talc (non-asbestiform)	14807-96-6	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified. Not classified. SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
wollastonite	13983-17-0	≥10 - ≤25	
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	25068-38-6	≥5 - ≤10	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) (inhalation) - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
respirable quartz	14808-60-7	≥5 - ≤10	
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	≥5 - ≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
heptane-2-one	110-43-0	≥3 - ≤5	
xylene	1330-20-7	≥1 - ≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

zeolites	1318-02-1	≥1 - ≤3	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 Not classified. EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
3-methylpentane-1,5-diol	4457-71-0	≥1 - ≤3	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	≥1 - ≤3	
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<1	
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	4394-85-8	≤0.3	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 911 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	No specific data.
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion :	No specific data.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Not applicable.
Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media : Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.
Not to be used: waterjet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used. Contains epoxy constituents. Avoid all possible skin contact with epoxy and amine containing products, they may cause allergic reactions.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

This product may be applied using several application techniques and methods of handling may be different for each. Application techniques include [but are not limited to] brushing, rolling, and spray application [conventional, HPLV, airless, pleural component or aerosol can]. Avoid the breathing of vapors and, if spraying, do not breath spray mist or aerosols.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Talc (non-asbestiform)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
wollastonite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 0.1 f/cc 8 hours. Form: Respirable fibers: length greater than 5 µm; aspect ratio equal to or greater than 3:1 as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification (4-mm objective) phase contrast illumination.
respirable quartz	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 0.1 f/cc 8 hours. Form: containing asbestos STEL: 1 f/cc 30 minutes. Form: containing asbestos
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO ₂ +5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO ₂ +2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 50 µg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust
tert-butyl acetate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 950 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 950 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
heptane-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

xylene	TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
zeolites	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
n-butyl acetate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide local exhaust and general ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations below OSHA, ACGIH, and manufacturer recommended exposure limits. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into work areas by controlling it at its source. Use local and general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of mists/vapors/fumes generated from the handling of this product.

Note: Local exhaust ventilation is designed to capture an emitted contaminant at or near its source, before the contaminant has a chance to disperse into the workplace air. General exhaust ventilation, also called dilution ventilation, is different from local exhaust ventilation because instead of capturing emissions at their source and removing them from the air, general exhaust ventilation allows the contaminant to be emitted into the workplace air and then dilutes the concentration of the contaminant to an acceptable level (e.g., to the PEL or below).

Individual protection measures

General :	Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection :	Wear chemical-resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
May be used: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber
Short term exposure: neoprene rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC)

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product.

Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.

Respiratory protection : If working areas have insufficient ventilation, wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type Organic Vapor, when grinding use particle filter of type P95, P99 or P100. When spraying use a combined filter (organic vapor / HEPA or organic vapor / P100 type). Be sure to use approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Always wear an air-fed respirator when spraying in a continuous and prolonged work situation (e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter).

Protective clothing (pictograms) :



Note: Application of paint products by spraying requires additional safety precautions: Full body suit, Full face respirator with air supplied.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state :	Liquid.
Color :	White
Odor :	Solvent-like
pH :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Melting point/freezing point :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Boiling point/boiling range :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flash point :	Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)
Evaporation rate :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flammability :	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits :	0.8 - 10.5 vol %
Vapor pressure :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Vapor density :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Relative density :	1.533 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies) :	Easily soluble in the following materials: diethyl ether and acetone. Soluble in the following materials: methanol and n-octanol. Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient (LogKow) :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Auto-ignition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Decomposition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Viscosity :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Explosive properties :	Slightly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.
Oxidizing properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight (Included exempt solvent(s)):	36.2 % (w/w)
Water % by weight :	Weighted average: 0 %
VOC content (Coatings) :	2.2 lbs/gal (263.6 g/l)
VOC content (Regulatory) :	2.98 lbs/gal (357.2 g/l)
TOC Content (Volatile) :	Weighted average: 278 g/l
Solvent Gas :	Weighted average: 0.103 m ³ /l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, organic materials, alkalis and moisture.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Epoxy and amine containing products can cause skin disorders such as allergic eczema. The allergy may arise after only a short exposure period.

Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
4-chloro-trifluorotoluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	33 mg/l	4 hours
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
tert-butyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	4100 mg/kg	-
heptane-2-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12600 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	6350 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 mg/kg	-
zeolites	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10000 mg/kg	-
3-methylpentane-1,5-diol	LD50 Oral	Rat	8 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>14112 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	14409.9 mg/kg
Dermal	45888.6 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	208584.5 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	180.8 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent
	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-
4-chloro-trifluorotoluene	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent
Talc (non-asbestiform)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters
heptane-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 milligrams
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-
3-methylpentane-1,5-diol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Respiratory - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
ethylbenzene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams
	Respiratory - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams

Sensitizer

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
4-chloro-trifluorotoluene	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Carcinogen Classification

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
titanium dioxide	2B	-	-
Talc (non-asbestiform)	1	-	-
wollastonite	3	-	-
respirable quartz	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.	-
xylene	3	-	-
zeolites	3	-	-
ethylbenzene	2B	-	-

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4-chloro-trifluorotoluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
respirable quartz	Category 1	Inhalation	lungs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects

Sensitization : Contains middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200, 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde. May produce an allergic reaction.

Other information : No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

When spilled, this product may act as an oil, causing a film, sheen, emulsion, or sludge at or beneath the surface of a body of water. Oils of any kind can cause: (a) drowning of waterfowl due to lack of buoyancy, loss of insulating capacity of feathers, starvation and vulnerability to predators due to lack of mobility; (b) lethal effect on fish by coating gill surfaces, preventing respiration; (c) potential fish kills resulting from alteration in biochemical oxygen demand; (d) asphyxiation of benthic life forms when floating masses become engaged with surface debris and settle on the bottom; and (e) adverse aesthetic effects of fouled shoreline and beaches.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4-chloro-trifluorotoluene	Acute IC50 2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zeolites	Acute EC50 300 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >680 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
3-methylpentane-1,5-diol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC50 648 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Chronic NOEC <1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
4-chloro-trifluorotoluene	OECD 301D 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	19.2 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
xylene	-	>60 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
n-butyl acetate	-	90 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	>70 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
4-chloro-trifluorotoluene	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
4-chloro-trifluorotoluene	3.7	-	low
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	2.64 - 3.78	31	low
tert-butyl acetate	1.64	-	low
heptane-2-one	2.26	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 - 25.9	low
zeolites	-	0.59 - 0.95	low
3-methylpentane-1,5-diol	0.03	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	3.1	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	-	<1.9	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : No known data available in our database.

Mobility : No known data available in our database.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7 and Section 8 for additional handling information and protection of employees.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.









United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	U239

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or DOT for transport by road and by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for Air shipment. Refer to specific Dangerous Goods Transport requirements under 49CFR, ICAO and IATA.

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	14.5 Additional information
DOT Code	UN1263	PAINT. (4-chloro-trifluorotoluene)	3 -	 	III Yes.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes. Reportable quantity (xylene) 4098.6 lbs / 1860.8 kg [320.65 gal / 1213.8 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Code	UN1263	PAINT. (4-chloro-trifluorotoluene)	3 -	 	III Yes.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.
SCT Code	UN1263	PAINT	3 -		III Yes.	-
IMDG Code	UN1263	PAINT. (4-chloro-trifluorotoluene)	3 -	 	III Yes.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E, S-E
IATA Code	UN1263	PAINT	3 -		III Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Code : Classification

PG* : Packing group

Env.* : Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations :

All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 4(a) final test rules: 4-chloro-trifluorotoluene

TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: pentane-2,4-dione

TSCA 6 proposed risk management: lead powder (particle diameter < 1mm)

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 4-chloro-trifluorotoluene; tert-butyl acetate; 2,4,4-trimethylpent-1-ene; 2-methylpropan-2-ol; pentane-2,4-dione

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 12(b) one-time export: 4-chloro-trifluorotoluene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene; toluene; trizinc bis(orthophosphate); lead powder (particle diameter < 1mm); lead oxide; zinc oxide

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene; ethylbenzene; toluene; epichlorohydrin; tert-butyl acetate; formaldehyde; acetic acid ; n-butyl acetate

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
Magnesite	546-93-0	0.079836
xylene	1330-20-7	2.4399
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.5389
toluene	108-88-3	0.047294
formaldehyde	50-00-0	0.0014631
lead oxide	1314-41-6	0.003764
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	124-17-4	0.74678
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	0.0057001

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304 - SARA 311/312:

SARA 302/304: formaldehyde; epichlorohydrin

SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Product/ingredient name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
4-chloro-trifluorotoluene	10 - 25	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	5 - 10	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
respirable quartz	5 - 10	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
tert-butyl acetate	5 - 10	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
heptane-2-one	3 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
xylene	1 - 3	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
3-methylpentane-1,5-diol	1 - 3	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
n-butyl acetate	1 - 3	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
ethylbenzene	0.5 - 1	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	0.1 - 0.5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313 :

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

Form R - Reporting requirements :

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	3 - 5
xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 3
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0 - 1
lead oxide	1314-41-6	0 - 1
lead powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	7439-92-1	0 - 1

Supplier notification :

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	25068-38-6	5 - 10
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	3 - 5
xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 3
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0 - 1

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

State regulations :

Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed.
Florida substances: None of the components are listed.
Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed.
Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Spill: None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: TALC; SOAPSTONE; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TIN DIOXIDE DUST; XYLENE; DIMETHYLBENZENE; TERT-BUTYL ACETATE; METHYL (N-AMYL) KETONE; BUTYL ACETATE; N-BUTYL ACETATE
Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed.
Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: SOAPSTONE; SILICA, QUARTZ; QUARTZ (SiO₂); TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO₂); XYLENES; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; tert-BUTYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, 1,1-DIMETHYLETHYL ESTER; ZINC compounds; METHYL n-AMYL KETONE; 2-HEPTANONE; n-BUTYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER
New Jersey Spill: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: None of the components are listed.
New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: Xylene mixed; tert-Butyl acetate; Butyl acetate
New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: TALC; SOAPSTONE DUST; QUARTZ DUST; QUARTZ; TITANIUM OXIDE; SILICA; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; ACETIC ACID, 1,1-DIMETHYLETHYL ESTER; ZINC COMPOUNDS; 2-HEPTANONE; ACETIC ACID, BUTYL ESTER
Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65 PFF :

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.
WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Product/ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	
epichlorohydrin	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
toluene	No.	Yes.		Yes.
titanium dioxide	Yes.	No.		
respirable quartz	Yes.	No.		
Talc (non-asbestiform)	Yes.	No.		
lead oxide	Yes.	No.		
lead powder (particle diameter < 1mm)	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
ethyl acrylate	Yes.	No.		
formaldehyde	Yes.	No.	Yes.	

SECTION 16: Other information

Remarks :

Note: In USA, consult Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Labor, Parts 1910 and 1915 concerning occupational safety and health standards and regulations, as well as any other applicable Federal, State or local regulations that apply to safe practices in coating operations.
 Warning! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD is TOXIC.

Validation :

Validated by US - HSE Products Coordinator on 6 February 2019

GHS Classification

Procedure used to derive the classification.

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Safety Data Sheet

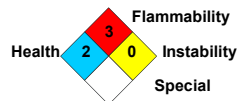
HEMPEL'S

33028 UREPRIME 2.8 EPOXY PRIMER



SECTION 16: Other information

Health	* 3
Fire hazard	3
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	X



Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) shown in this section is a suggestion. Since conditions vary from one work location to another consult the facility safety & health program. Customer or end user is responsible to evaluate worker exposure conditions at the site of application and determine the appropriate PPE suitable for workers at that particular facility or location.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

ANSI = American National Standards Institute

HCS = Hazardous Communication System

TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act

CFR = Code of federal Regulations

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

OSHA = United States Occupational Health and Safety Administration

NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer.

NTP = National Toxicology Program

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

DOT = United States Department of Transportation

ERG = Emergency Response Guide

TDG = Transport of Dangerous Goods, Canada

SCT = Transportation & Communications Ministry, Mexico

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

SARA = Superfund Amendments Reauthorization Act

EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

Notice to reader

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.